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county committees do not have the authority to modify or waive any of the provisions in this part unless specifically authorized by the Deputy Administrator.

- (c) The State committee may take any action authorized or required by this part to be taken by the county committee that has not been taken by such committee, such as:
- (1) Correct or require a county committee to correct any action taken by such county committee that is not in accordance with this part; or
- (2) Require a county committee to withhold taking any action that is not in accordance with this part.
- (d) No delegation herein to a State or county committee shall preclude the Executive Vice President, CCC, or a designee, or the Deputy Administrator from determining any question arising under this part or from reversing or modifying any determination made by a State or county committee.
- (e) Data furnished by the applicants will be used to determine eligibility for program benefits. Although participation in the 2002 Livestock Assistance Program (2002 LAP) is voluntary, program benefits will not be provided unless the participant furnishes all requested data.

§1439.101 Applicability.

(a) This subpart sets forth the terms and conditions applicable to the 2002 LAP authorized by Public Law 108–7. Program regulations for prior livestock assistance programs can be found at 7 CFR part 1439 as it was published in 7 CFR chapet XIV revised as of January 1, 2001. Benefits will be provided to eligible livestock producers in the United States under this subpart in declared disaster counties that were subsequently approved for relief under this part by the Deputy Administrator.

(b) During the 2001 or 2002 calendar years, for 2002 LAP, a producer must be in a disaster county that was also approved and determined by the Deputy Administrator as having suffered losses during calendar year 2001 or 2002. Contiguous counties that were not designated as a disaster county in their own right will not be eligible for participation in 2002 LAP under this subpart. Grazing losses must have oc-

curred on native and improved pasture with permanent vegetative cover and other crops planted specifically for the sole purpose of providing grazing for livestock, but such losses do not include losses on, or with respect to, seeded small grain forage crops.

(c) To be eligible for assistance under this subpart, a livestock producer's pastures must have suffered at least a 40-percent loss of normal carrying capacity for a minimum of 3 consecutive months during the relevant calendar year. The percent of loss eligible for compensation shall not exceed the maximum percentage of grazing loss for the county as determined by the county committee. In addition, the producer will not be compensated for that part of any loss that would represent payment of a loss greater than 80 percent.

§1439.102 Definitions.

The definitions set forth in this section shall be applicable for all purposes of administering this subpart. The definitions in §1439.3 shall also be applicable, except where those definitions conflict with the definitions set forth in this subpart, in which case the definitions in this section will apply.

Application means the Livestock Assistance Program Application. The Application is available at county FSA offices.

Disaster county means a county included in the geographic area covered by a qualifying natural disaster declaration for calendar year 2001 or calendar year 2002 for which the request for such declaration was submitted during the period beginning on January 1, 2001, and ending February 20, 2003, and subsequently approved. The term disaster county means the county where the disaster occurred and does not include a contiguous county.

Qualifying natural disaster declaration means:

- (1) A natural disaster declared by the Secretary under section 321(a) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1961(a)); or
- (2) A major disaster or emergency designated by the President under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 *et seq.*).

Livestock means beef and dairy cattle, buffalo and beefalo (when maintained on the same basis as beef cattle), sheep, goats, swine, and equine animals where such equine animals are used commercially for human food or kept for the production of food or fiber on the owner's farm.

§ 1439.103 Application process.

(a) Livestock producers must submit a completed application prior to the close of business on the date established and announced by the Deputy Administrator. The application and any other supporting documentation shall be submitted to the county FSA office with administrative authority over a producer's eligible grazing land or to the county FSA office that maintains the farm records for the livestock producer.

(b) Livestock producers shall certify as to the accuracy of all the information contained in the application, and provide any other information that CCC determines to be necessary to determine the livestock producer's eligibility.

§1439.104 County committee determinations of general applicability.

(a) County committees shall determine whether due to natural disasters their county has suffered a 40-percent loss affecting pasture and normal grazing crops for at least 3 consecutive months during calendar year 2001 for 2001 eligibility and during calendar year 2002 for 2002 eligibility. In making this determination, county committees, using the best information available from sources including but not limited to: the Extension Service, the Natural Resources Conservation Service; the Drought Monitor; the Palmer Drought Index; and general knowledge of local rainfall data, pasture losses, grazing livestock movement out of county, abnormal supplemental feeding practices for livestock on pasture and liquidation of grazing livestock, shall determine the percentage of grazing losses for pastures on a county-wide basis. The county committee shall submit rainfall data, percentage of grazing losses for each general type of pasture, and the weighted average percentage of grazing loss for the county, with State

committee concurrence, to the Deputy Administrator. The maximum grazing losses the county committees shall submit is 80 percent. These determinations shall be subject to review and approval of the Deputy Administrator. For purposes of this subpart, such counties are called "eligible counties."

(b) In each eligible county, the county committee shall determine an LAP crop year. The LAP crop year shall be that period of time in a calendar year that begins with the date grazing of new growth pasture normally begins and ends on the date grazing without supplemental feeding normally ends in the county.

(c) In and for each eligible county, the county committee shall determine normal carrying capacities for each type of grazing or pasture during the LAP crop year. The normal carrying capacity for the LAP crop year shall be the normal carrying capacity the county committee determines could be expected from pasture and normal grazing crops for livestock for the LAP crop year if a natural disaster had not diminished the production of these grazing crops.

(d) In each eligible county, the county committee shall determine the payment period for the county. The payment period for the county shall be the period of time during the county's LAP crop year where for 3 consecutive months during 2001 or 2002, the carrying capacity for grazing land or pasture was reduced by 40 percent or more from the normal carrying capacity.

§ 1439.105 Loss criteria.

(a) Grazing land for which a livestock producer requests benefits must be within the physical boundary of a disaster county. Livestock producers in unapproved counties contiguous to an eligible county will not receive benefits under this subpart.

(b) To be eligible for benefits under this subpart, a livestock producer in an eligible county must have suffered a loss of grazing production equivalent to at least a 40-percent loss of normal carrying capacity for a minimum of 3

consecutive months.

(c) A producer shall specify each type of pasture and percentage of loss suffered by each type on the application.